

HappyAir: an Integrated Care model for chronic respiratory diseases

Resources for Patient Empowerment in digital health & care literacy, disease management & active lifestyles

Prevention + Promotion

- Promotion in chemists, gyms, medical, clinical, educational & social spaces.
- HappyAir Learning Resources for educators, patients, volunteers.
- Pop-up Healthy Lung events held in chemists, gyms etc.



Professional Training

- Training programmes, workshops and sessions for supervisors, educators, patients, families and care-givers.
- Volunteer Training to support patients and



Community Support & Guidance

-One- to-one support for patients and families: Telephone support service and digital care plan. -Introduce activities for an active life & well-being. -Build local or regional HappyAir spaces

with HC Professionals, patients and care-givers.

-Develop volunteer programmes







HappyAir: Network Collaboration Scalable model



Co-Funding: Public & private partnerships to grow resource-base and introduce programs into the community



R&D + Dynamic events: To bring stakeholders together in a shared ecosystem -SMEs in ICT, Industry, O2 providers, Experts, Researchers, HCP + patient representation.



Educator+ volunteer: Training provided to grow communities across regions with Institutional support

Logistics and Resources



Training & Education Materials for HCPs and patients



Digital+ ICT resources: Test and use for self-care in home settings.



Building Spaces and hub support across regions.



Communications+Logistics support for workshops, sessions and network (English/Spanish). National & International Strategy

A clinically validated integrated care model presented at ERS Milan 2017

Efficacy of an mHealth integrated internet community program after pulmonary rehabilitation for COPD patients: a pilot randomized control trial

B. Jiménez Reguera, E. Maroto López, M. López Martín, T. Hernández, L. Juarros Monteagudo, N. García Gutiérrez, M. Sánchez, M. Calle Rubio, J. Rodríguez Hermosa, A. Montero, S. Angulo Díaz-Parreño, S. Fitch , J. Vilaró

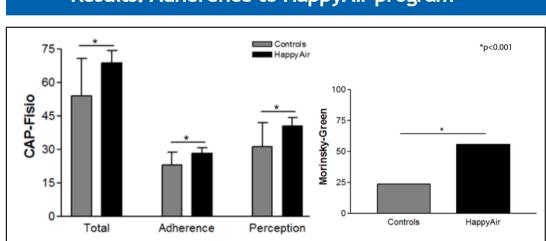






	Controls	Intervention
	n=19	n=17
Gender	12 M + 7 F	10 M + 7 F
Age (years)	69 (56-81)	68 (57-78)
Weight (kg)	67 (40-112)	70 (55-100)
Height (m)	1.58 (1.53-1.81)	1.62 (1.51-1.79)
BMI (Kg/m ²)	26.8 (17.1-34.2)	26.7 (24.1-31.1)
FVC (%)	76.6±26.9	79.1±25.7
FEV ₁ (%)	44.7±13.5	44.1±15.0
FEV ₁ /FVC (%)	44.5±11.7	44.4±11.3
Oxygen Users	5 pat ≥ 16 h/day	4 pat ≥ 16 h/day
	5 pat 24 h/day	6 pat 24 h/day

Results: Adherence to HappyAir program



Results: Abstract SOCAP 44 pacients with EPOC (59% men) from 3 hospitals in Madrid (23subjects in Control Group. CG and 21 subjects in Intervention Group IG). 69years (56-81) vs 68years (57-78); 26,8Kg/m2 (17-34) vs 26.7Kg/m2 (24-31); FEV1 44,7% (13,5) vs 44,1% (15,0), CG IG, respectively. Multivariable analysis demonstrates significant differences between them in Total time SGRQtot (p<0,05); SGRQsimp (p<0,05) and 6MWD (p< 0,05). Finally, IG patients present better adherence: Morinsky-Green (p<0,05) and good perception: CAPfisio (p<0,05) of the m-health program

Conclusions: • A long term mHealth Integrated Care program for COPD patients could maintain and improve quality of life and exercise capacity post pulmonary rehabilitation.

• Patients perception and adherence to the program is significantly higher in those who follow the HappyAir model showing a positive effect of the m-Health Integrated Care program

















